Condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021

Registered office

Al Zahra Street P O Box 1885 - Sharjah United Arab Emirates

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Review report on the condensed consolidated interim financial information to the Board of Directors of Invest bank P.S.C.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information consisting of the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position of Invest bank P.S.C. ("the Bank") and its subsidiary (together referred to as "the Group") as at 30 June 2021 and the related condensed consolidated interim statements of profit or loss and comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month period then ended and the condensed consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended and other explanatory notes. The directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 – Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity." A review of the condensed consolidated interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to note 4 of the condensed consolidated financial information which states that the Bank is dependent on the ongoing support of the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates and the Government of Sharjah in managing its liquidity requirements. We also draw attention to note 15 which states that as at 30 June 2021, the Bank was below the minimum regulatory Capital Adequacy Ratio ("CAR") of 11.5% and is focusing on a number of initiatives to manage its CAR.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting".

PricewaterhouseCoopers 8 December 2021

Rami Sarhan

Registered Auditor Number 1152 Place: Dubai, United Arab Emirates

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Mohamed ElBorno, Jacques Fakhoury, Douglas O'Mahony, Murad Alnsour and Rami Sarhan are registered as practising auditors with the UAE Ministry of Economy

Condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021

		30 June 2021	31 December 2020
			(audited)
	Note	(un-audited) AED'000	AED'000
	Note	ALD 000	AED 000
ASSETS			
Cash and deposits with central banks	6	1,557,875	518,893
Due from banks	7	143,561	165,187
Investment securities	8	2,012,777	122,515
Loans and advances to customers	9	6,395,204	7,243,637
Other assets	10	641,621	683,585
Total assets	_	10,751,038	8,733,817
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Due to banks	12	1,601,462	388,485
Deposits from customers	13	8,038,695	7,147,460
Other liabilities	14	266,138	288,055
Total liabilities	_	9,906,295	7,824,000
EQUITY			
Share capital	15	3,180,982	3,180,982
Share discount		(477,857)	(477,857)
Fair value reserve		(39,669)	(41,169)
Accumulated losses	_	(1,818,713)	(1,752,139)
Net equity		844,743	909,817
Total liabilities and equity	_	10,751,038	8,733,817

This condensed consolidated interim financial information was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 8 December 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Chief Executive Officer

Chairman

Condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (un-audited)

		Three-month period ended 30 June		For the six period ende	
	•	2021	2020	2021	2020
	Note	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Interest income		77,008	82,356	183,990	196,638
Interest expense		(48,625)	(64,109)	(91,489)	(134,099)
Net interest income	-	28,383	18,247	92,501	62,539
Net fees and commission income		15,018	20,043	31,007	44,125
Net income from foreign currencies		1,887	1,622	4,169	3,799
Other (loss)/income		(680)	14,124	(395)	18,345
Total operating income	-	44,608	54,036	127,282	128,808
Operating expenses					
General and administrative expenses	_	(40,302)	(42,835)	(82,892)	(97,131)
Total operating expenses		(40,302)	(42,835)	(82,892)	(97,131)
Operating profit before impairment					
loss		4,306	11,201	44,390	31,677
Net impairment loss	16	(49,621)	(47,828)	(109,324)	(167,795)
Loss for the period	•	(45,315)	(36,627)	(64,934)	(136,118)
Loss per share	18	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.04)

Condensed consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (un-audited)

	Three-month period ended 30 June		For the six-mended 30	•		
	2021 2020				2021 2020 2021 2	
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000		
Loss for the period	(45,315)	(36,627)	(64,934)	(136,118)		
Other comprehensive profit/(loss):						
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:						
Change in fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through other						
comprehensive income (equity instruments)	(177)	14,683	(140)	(29,057)		
Total items that will not be reclassified to						
profit or loss	(177)	14,683	(140)	(29,057)		
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(45,492)	(21,944)	(65,074)	(165,175)		

Invest bank P.S.C.

Condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (un-audited)

discount reserve reserve reserve AED'000 AED'000 AED'000 AED'000 (477,857) 450,688 450,688 (103,730) - - - (29,057) - - (132,787) - (477,857) - - (41,169) - - - (140) - - - (140) - - - (140) - - - (140) - - - (140)	(un-audited)	Share	Share	Legal	Special	Fair value	Accumulated	
3,180,982 (477,857) 450,688 450,688 (103,730) (2,214,784) 1,285 -		capital AED'000	discount AED'000	reserve	reserve AED'000	reserve AED'000	losses AED'000	Total AED'000
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	alance at 1 January 2020 oss for the period ther comprehensive loss hanges in fair value of financial assets	3,180,982	(477,857)	450,688	450,688	(103,730)	(2,214,784) (136,118)	1,285,987 (136,118)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	measured at rair value inrough omer comprehensive income			1	'	(29,057)		(29,057)
3,180,982 (477,857) (41,169) (1,449,526) 1,120 3,180,982 (477,857) (41,169) (1,752,139) 909 (140) (64,934) (64 (140) (64,934) (65 s at fair me (140) (1,640) (1,640) (1,640) (1,818,713) 844	otal comprehensive loss for the period ransfer of legal and special reserve to accumulated losses (refer to note 15)	1 1	ŧ I	(450,688)	- (450,688)	(750,62)	(136,118)	(2,1,5)
3,180,982 (477,857) (41,169) (1,752,139) 909 (140) (64,934) (64 (140) (64,934) (65 (140) (64,934) (65 (140) (64,934) (65 (139,669) (1,818,713) 844	alance at 30 June 2020 (un-audited)	3,180,982	(477,857)	•	'	(132,787)	(1,449,526)	1,120,812
s at fair	alance at 1 January 2021	3,180,982	(477,857)	1 1	1 1	(41,169)	(1,752,139) (64,934)	909,817 (64,934)
s at fair (140) (64,934) (64,934) 1,640 (1,640) 1,640 (1,640) (39,669) (1,818,713) 8	Ther comprehensive loss nanges in fair value of financial assets neasured at fair value through other comprehensive income	1	1	•	1	(140)	•	(140)
3,180,982 (477,857) - (39,669) (1,818,713)	otal comprehensive loss for the period ansfer upon sale of equity investments at fair lue through other comprehensive income	I I		1 f	 t	(140)	(64,934)	(65,074)
	alance at 30 June 2021 (un-audited)	3,180,982	(477,857)	1		(39,669)	(1,818,713)	844,743

Condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (un-audited)

		For the six-month p	
	Note	2021 AED'000	2020 AED'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss for the period		(64,934)	(136,118)
Adjustments:			
Depreciation		5,023	5,624
Net gain on investment securities		(51)	(488)
Net impairment loss	16	109,324	167,795
		49,362	36,813
Operating cash flows before changes in			
operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in time deposits with Central banks			
maturing after six months		(674,685)	(663,828)
Change in statutory reserve requirement		(3,542)	118,159
Change in loans and advances to customers*		488,793	439,171
Change in other assets		37,656	95,731
Change in deposits from customers*		(108,765)	(435,990)
Change in due to banks		1,363	(70)
Change in other liabilities		(21,917)	(211,247)
Net cash used in operating activities		(231,735)	(621,261)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property and equipment		(714)	(3,910)
Purchase of investment securities*		(750,611)	(146,920)
Proceeds from sale/redemption of investment securities		110,553	8,659
Net cash used in investing activities		(640,772)	(142,171)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from repo financing		1,211,614	273,877
Net cash generated from financing activities		1,211,614	273,877
No. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		220 405	(100.555)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		339,107	(489,555)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		588,768	1,902,473
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		927,875	1,412,918
Cash and cash equivalents as at 30 June			
Cash and deposits with central banks		784,207	466,620
Due from banks maturing within three months		143,668	946,298
=		927,875	1,412,918
			1,712,710

* Non-cash transactions

As disclosed in note 8.1, as a result of the transaction relating to the purchase of Government of Sharjah sukuks, AED 1.25 billion of the investment was recorded against loans in the amount of AED250 million and customer deposit in the amount of AED 1 billion from Government of Sharjah. This transaction is considered as a non-cash transaction.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021

1 Legal status and activities

Invest bank P.S.C. ("Invest bank" or "the Bank") is a public shareholding company with limited liability which was incorporated in 1975 by an Emiri Decree issued by His Highness Dr. Sheikh Sultan Bin Mohammed Al Qassimi, Ruler of Sharjah. The registered address of the Bank is at Al Zahra Street, P.O.Box 1885, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates ("UAE").

Invest bank is licensed by the Central Bank of the UAE (the "CB UAE") to carry out banking activities and is principally engaged in the business of corporate and retail banking through its network of branches located in the Emirate of Sharjah, Dubai and Abu Dhabi. Invest bank also carries out banking activities through its branch ("the branch") in Beirut, Lebanon licensed by Banque Du Liban (the "CB Lebanon"). The Bank's shares are listed on the Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange ("ADX").

The Bank has a fully owned subsidiary, ALFA Financial Services FZE with limited liability status in the Sharjah Airport International Free Zone to provide support services to the Bank.

Federal Decree Law No. 26 of 2020 which amends certain provisions of Federal Law No. 2 of 2015 on Commercial Companies was issued on 27 September 2020 and the amendments came into effect on 2 January 2021. The Bank is in the process of reviewing the new provisions and will apply the requirements thereof no later than one year from the date on which the amendments came into effect.

The consolidated financial statements as at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 comprise the Bank and its subsidiary (together referred to as "the Group").

2 Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

This condensed consolidated interim financial information has been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the measurement of certain investment securities and repossessed properties at fair value.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS) 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and applicable laws of the UAE. It does not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020, which has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

(b) Hyperinflation

The Lebanese economy has been recognised in 2020 as a hyperinflationary economy, the three year cumulative inflation rate at the end of November 2020 having exceeded 100%. IAS 29 'Financial reporting in hyperinflationary economies' is, therefore, applicable to the operations of the Bank's Lebanon branch for the current period. IAS 29 requires financial statements, including comparative information, to be restated in terms of a measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period. The restatement is made using the change in a general price index.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) Hyperinflation (continued)

The financial information relating to the Lebanon branch and included in these financial statements has been prepared under the historical cost basis and has not been restated as required by IAS 29, on grounds of materiality.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

This condensed consolidated interim financial information has been presented in United Arab Emirates Dirhams (AED) rounded to the nearest thousand, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

(d) Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial information incorporates the condensed consolidated interim financial information of Invest bank P.S.C. and its subsidiary (collectively referred to as "Group").

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

(ii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and income and expenses (except for foreign currency transaction gains or losses) arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial information. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(e) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected.

Significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the condensed consolidated interim financial information are described as follows:

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

- (e) Use of estimates and judgments (continued)
- (i) Classification of financial assets

In accordance with IFRS 9, the Group classifies its financial assets based on the assessments of the business models in which the assets are held at a portfolio level and whether cash flows generated by assets constitute solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI"). This requires significant judgement in evaluating how the Group manages its business model and on whether or not a contractual clause in all debt instruments of a certain type breaches SPPI and results in a material portfolio being recorded at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

(ii) Measurement of the expected credit loss allowance

The measurement of the expected credit loss ("ECL") allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") is an area that requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behavior (e.g. the likelihood of customers defaulting and the resulting losses).

A number of significant judgements are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL, such as:

- Determining the criteria for significant increase in credit risk ("SICR");
- Determining the criteria and definition of default;
- Choosing appropriate models and assumptions for the measurement of ECL;
- Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward looking scenarios for each type of product/market and the associated ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets for the purposes of measuring ECL.

(iii) Fair value of derivatives and unquoted securities

The fair values of financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (such as models) are used to determine fair values, these are tested before they are used and models are calibrated to ensure that outputs reflect actual data and comparative market prices. To the extent practical, models use only observable data, however areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect reported fair values of financial instruments.

(iv) Repossessed properties

The fair value of repossessed properties were determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriately recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The independent valuers provide the fair value of the Group's repossessed properties portfolio annually.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

- 3 Application of other new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")
- 3.1 New and revised IFRSs applied with no material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial information

The following new and revised IFRS, which became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021, have been adopted in this interim financial information. The application of these revised IFRSs, except where stated, have not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior periods.

- Amendments to IFRS 3 This amendment revises the definition of a business. According to feedback received by the IASB, application of the current guidance is commonly thought to be too complex, and it results in too many transactions qualifying as business combinations.
- Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 These amendments to IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements', and IAS 8, 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors', and consequential amendments to other IFRSs: i) use a consistent definition of materiality throughout IFRSs and the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting; ii) clarify the explanation of the definition of material; and iii) incorporate some of the guidance in IAS 1 about immaterial information.
- Amendments to Conceptual framework The IASB has issued a revised Conceptual Framework which will be used in standard-setting decisions with immediate effect. Key changes include:
- increasing the prominence of stewardship in the objective of financial reporting
- reinstating prudence as a component of neutrality
- defining a reporting entity, which may be a legal entity, or a portion of an entity
- revising the definitions of an asset and a liability
- removing the probability threshold for recognition and adding guidance on derecognition
- adding guidance on different measurement basis, and
- stating that profit or loss is the primary performance indicator and that, in principle, income and expenses in other comprehensive income should be recycled where this enhances the relevance or faithful representation of the financial statements.
- Phase 2 amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 interest rate benchmark (IBOR) reform The Phase 2 amendments that were issued on 27 August 2020 address issues that arise from the implementation of the reforms, including the replacement of one benchmark with an alternative one. For instruments to which the amortised cost measurement applies, the amendments require entities, as a practical expedient, to account for a change in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows as a result of IBOR reform by updating the effective interest rate using the guidance in paragraph B5.4.5 of IFRS 9. As a result, no immediate gain or loss is recognised. This practical expedient applies only to such a change and only to the extent it is necessary as a direct consequence of IBOR reform, and the new basis is economically equivalent to the previous basis. Insurers applying the temporary exemption from IFRS 9 are also required to apply the same practical expedient. IFRS 16 was also amended to require lessees to use a similar practical expedient when accounting for lease modifications that change the basis for determining future lease payments as a result of IBOR reform (for example, where lease payments are indexed to an IBOR rate).

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

- 3 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") (continued)
- 3.2 New and revised IFRS in issue but not yet effective

New and revised IFRSs

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts – IFRS 17 requires insurance liabilities to 1 January 2023 be measured at a current fulfilment value and provides a more uniform measurement and presentation approach for all insurance contracts. These requirements are designed to achieve the goal of a consistent, principlebased accounting for insurance contracts, IFRS 17 supersedes IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts as of 1 January 2023.

Narrow-scope amendments to IFRS 3, IAS 16, IAS 17 and some annual improvements on IFRS 9 and IFRS 16 - Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Business combinations' update a reference in IFRS 3 to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting without changing the accounting requirements for business combinations.

1 January 2022

Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment' prohibit a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, a company will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss.

Amendments to IAS 37, 'Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets' specify which costs a company includes when assessing whether a contract will be loss-making.

Annual improvements make minor amendments to IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments', and the Illustrative Examples accompanying IFRS 16, 'Leases'.

Narrow scope amendments to IAS 1, Practice statement 2 and IAS 8 – 1 January 2023 The amendments aim to improve accounting policy disclosures and to help users of the financial statements to distinguish between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies.

Amendment to IAS 12 - Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities 1 January 2023 arising from a single transaction- These amendments require companies to recognise deferred tax on transactions that, on initial recognition give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

3 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") (continued)

Management anticipates that these new standards, interpretations and amendments will be adopted in the Group's condensed consolidated interim financial information as and when they are applicable and adoption of these new standards, interpretations and amendments may have no material impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group in the period of initial application.

3.3 Financial risk management

The Group's financial risk management objectives, policies and procedures are consistent with those disclosed in the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020.

4 Recapitalization and liquidity

Capitalisation

The Bank's Capital Adequacy Ratio ("CAR") was 10.84% at 30 June 2021, below the Central Bank of the UAE's ("CBUAE") regulatory minimum of 11.5%.

The Bank's accumulated losses exceeded half of its capital as at 31 December 2020. As a result, a General Assembly Meeting was convened on 30 June 2021 which approved the Bank's continuation in carrying out its activities. The Bank continues to pursue a strategy to resolve its current financial situation and define sustainable strategic solutions.

As the Bank's majority shareholder, the Government of Sharjah continues to coordinate efforts to support the strengthening of the Bank's capital base.

Liquidity

The Bank entered into a repurchase arrangement in the normal course of business with the CBUAE, collateralised by investments held in Government of Sharjah sukuks maturing on 23 March 2022, enabling the Bank to draw on AED 1.6B in liquidity support.

Moreover, the CBUAE had earlier made a public press announcement on 16 December 2018 and has reaffirmed that it will continue to provide support to the Bank through making available liquidity facilities.

The Bank continues to focus on a number of initiatives to manage its liquidity and deposit balances including the attraction and retention of deposits.

Going concern

Management believes that it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis on the assumption that the facilities provided by the CBUAE as secured by the Sharjah Government sukuks will be renewed upon maturity in March 2022 or replaced by adequate facilities to enable the Bank to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

4 Recapitalization and liquidity (continued)

Maturities of assets and liabilities

	Less than	3 months	1 year and	
	3 months	to 1 year	above	Total
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
At 30 June 2021				
Assets				
Cash and deposits with central				
banks	874,008	674,685	9,182	1,557,875
Due from banks	143,561	-	-	143,561
Investment securities	12,777	2,000,000	-	2,012,777
Loans and advances to customers	672,349	1,954,898	3,767,957	6,395,204
Customers' indebtedness for				
acceptances	39,002	12,864	751	52,617
Other assets	33,502	30,303	525,199	589,004
Total assets	1,775,199	4,672,750	4,303,089	10,751,038
Liabilities and equity				
Due to banks	1,462	1,600,000	-	1,601,462
Deposits from customers	2,064,755	5,967,995	5,945	8,038,695
Liabilities under acceptances	39,002	12,864	751	52,617
Other liabilities	117,414	45,140	50,967	213,521
Total liabilities	2,222,633	7,625,999	57,663	9,906,295
Net liquidity positions	(447,434)	(2,953,249)	4,245,426	844,743

Deposits from customers in "Less than 3 months" bucket include AED 1,631 million of current and savings account deposits (December 2020: AED 1,772).

	Less than 3 months AED'000	3 months to 1 year AED'000	1 year and above AED'000	Total AED'000
At 31 December 2020				
Assets				
Cash and deposits with central				
banks	509,711		9,182	518,893
Due from banks	165,187	-	-	165,187
Investment securities	12,618	-	109,897	122,515
Loans and advances to customers	572,393	2,482,605	4,188,639	7,243,637
Customers' indebtedness for				
acceptances	95,753	16,249	-	112,002
Other assets	20,761	27,440	523,382	571,583
Total assets	1,376,423	2,526,294	4,831,100	8,733,817
				
Liabilities and equity				
Due to banks	388,485		-	388,485
Deposits from customers	2,496,162	4,638,845	12,453	7,147,460
Liabilities under acceptances	95,753	16,249	-	112,002
Other liabilities	89,907	42,269	43,877	176,053
Total liabilities	3,070,307	4,697,363	56,330	7,824,000
Net liquidity positions	(1,693,884)	(2,171,069)	4,774,770	909,817

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

5 Accounting classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

The table below shows a reconciliation between line items in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position and categories of financial instruments.

At 30 June 2021 (un-audited)	FVTPL AED'000	FVTOCI AED'000	Amortised cost	Total carrying amount
(un munu)		1122 000	1,22,000	1122
Financial assets				
Cash and deposits with central banks			1,557,875	1,557,875
Due from banks	-	-	143,561	143,561
Investment securities	2,482	10,295	2,000,000	2,012,777
Loans and advances to	,	ŕ	,	
customers	***	***	6,395,204	6,395,204
Customers' indebtedness			50 (15	70 (1F
for acceptances Other financial assets	-	-	52,617	52,617
Other financial assets	2,482	10,295	55,718 10,204,975	55,718 10,217,752
Financial liabilities	2,702	10,275	10,204,373	10,217,732
Due to banks	-		1,601,462	1,601,462
Deposits from customers	-	-	8,038,695	8,038,695
Liabilities under acceptances		<u></u>	52,617	52,617
Other financial liabilities			138,203	138,203
		-	9,830,977	9,830,977
			Amortised	Total carrying
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	cost	amount
At 31 December 2020				
(audited)	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Time maint accepts				
Financial assets Cash and deposits with				
central banks	<u></u>	_	518,893	518,893
Due from banks	-	-	165,187	165,187
Investment securities	2,482	10,136	109,897	122,515
Loans and advances to	•	ŕ	•	,
Customers	-	• -	7,243,637	7,243,637
Customers' indebtedness				
for acceptances	-	-	112,002	112,002
Other financial assets	2.402	10.126	40,637	40,637
Financial liabilities	2,482_	10,136	8,190,253	8,202,871
Due to banks	_	_	388,485	388,485
Deposits from customers	•••	-	7,147,460	7,147,460
Liabilities under acceptances			112,002	112,002
Other financial liabilities	-	-	112,983	112,983
			7,760,930	7,760,930

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

6 Cash and deposits with central banks

	30 June 2021 (un-audited) AED'000	31 December 2020 (audited) AED'000
Cash in hand Deposits with central banks Reserve requirements with the CB (refer note 6.1) Less: Allowance for impairment (ECL) (refer note 6.2)	19,542 1,439,349 199,911 (100,927) 1,557,875	17,873 405,578 196,369 (100,927) 518,893
The geographical concentration is as follow		
- Within the U.A.E - Outside the U.A.E Less: Allowance for impairment (ECL) (refer note 6.2)	1,400,607 258,195 (100,927) 1,557,875	365,610 254,210 (100,927) 518,893

- 6.1 Statutory reserve deposits are required to be maintained as per regulations of the Central Bank of the UAE and the Central Bank of Lebanon.
- 6.2 A +/-5% change in the allowance rate would result in a AED +/-12 million change in ECL.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

7 Due from banks

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
	(un-audited)	(audited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Money market placements	70,000	70,000
Balances with other banks	73,668	95,317
Less: Allowance for impairment (ECL)	(107)	(130)
	143,561	165,187
The geographical concentration is as follow		
- Within the U.A.E	81,008	98,000
- Outside the U.A.E	62,660	67,317
Less: Allowance for impairment (ECL)	(107)	(130)
- '	143,561	165,187

8 Investment securities

The details of investments are as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2021	2020
	(un-audited)	(audited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):		
Investments in quoted equity securities	2,482	2,482
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)		
Investments in quoted equity securities	9,215	9,669
Investments in un-quoted equity securities	1,080	467
Financial assets at amortised cost:	•	
Investments in debt securities (refer to note 8.1)	2,000,000	110,190
,	2,012,777	122,808
Less: Allowance for impairment (ECL)	-	(293)
- , , , ,	2,012,777	122,515

8.1 In March 2021, the Bank entered into a repurchase arrangement with the CBUAE, collateralised by investments held in Government of Sharjah sukuks amounting to AED 2 billion. This arrangement enabled the Bank to draw on AED 1.6 billion in liquidity support. This investment matures in March 2022. As at 31 December 2020: AED 110M of investments in debt securities were pledged under repurchase agreements with a bank.

Management has concluded that the expected credit loss on the investments held in Government of Sharjah sukuks is inconsequential.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

8 Investment securities (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses assets, measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period, by level into the fair value hierarchy, into which the fair value measurement is categorised. As at the end of the reporting period, liabilities measured at fair value are Nil (31 December 2020: Nil).

	Level 1 AED'000	Level 2 AED'000	Level 3 AED'000	Total AED'000
30 June 2021 (un-audited)				
Financial assets				
FVTPL - equity securities	2,482	-	-	2,482
FVOCI - equity securities	9,215	-	1,080	10,295
Non-financial assets				
Repossessed properties (note 10)		-	457,374	457,374
	11,697	-	458,454	470,151
31 December 2020 (audited)			_	
Financial assets				
FVTPL - equity securities	2,482	-	-	2,482
FVOCI - equity securities	9,669	-	467	10,136
Non-financial assets				
Repossessed properties (note 10)	_	_	457,374	457,374
	12,151	-	457,841	469,992

The following table shows a reconciliation of the beginning balances to the ending balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

	30 Jun	ie 2021	31 December 2020 (Audited)	
	(Un-au	udited)		
	Investment Repossessed securities properties		Investment securities	Repossessed properties
	AED	AED'000		'000
As at 1 January	467	457,374	7,268	517,984
Fair value changes:				
- in profit or loss	-	-	-	(60,610)
Transfer				
- Additions	613	-		
- Disposals			(6,801)	-
As at end of period	1,080	457,374	467	457,374

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

9 Loans and advances to customers

			30 June 2021 (un-audited) AED'000	31 December 2020 (audited) AED'000	
Overdrafts			5,817,183	5,992,281	
Bills discounted			108,950	129,504	
Trust receipts			477,941	473,245	
Term loans			5,631,280	5,995,966	
			12,035,354	12,590,996	
Allowances for impairment (refer	note 9.1 and 9.2)		(5,640,150)	(5,347,359)	
Net loans and advances to custome	ers		6,395,204	7,243,637	
Stage wise analysis of products	Stage 1 AED'000	30 June 20 Stage AED'00	_	e 3 Total	
Overdrafts	1,125,209	639,94	4,052,0)28 5,817,183	
Bills discounted	15,430	4,84			
Trust receipts	82,065	65,61	17 330,2	259 477,941	
Term loans	1,096,796	1,579,20	63 2,955,2	221 5,631,280	
•	2,319,500	2,289,6	70 7,426,1	184 12,035,354	
		31 December 2020 (audited)			
Overdrafts	1,238,009	710,76	61 4,043,5	511 5,992,281	
Bills discounted	30,772	9,82		909 129,504	
Trust receipts	134,115	21,78	317,3	341 473,245	
Term loans	1,637,684	1,488,29			
	3,040,580	2,230,60	7,319,7	748 12,590,996	

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

9 Loans and advances to customers (continued)

9.1 The movement during the period/year in the impairment provision is as follows:

	30 June 2021			31 December 2020			
_	Interest in			Interest in			
	Provision	suspense	Total	Provision	suspense	Total	
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	
At 1 January	4,270,048	1,077,311	5,347,359	4,074,580	662,120	4,736,700	
Charge	110,960	-	110,960	319,851	-	319,851	
Write back	-	-	-	(27,871)	-	(27,871)	
Recoveries	(1,320)	(22,477)	(23,797)	(29,369)	(14,179)	(43,548)	
Reversal of written							
off provision *	1,295	-	1,295	-	-	-	
Interest not recognised in the							
consolidated P&L	-	206,399	206,292	→	446,874	446,874	
Amounts written off	(1,146)	(920)	(1,959)	(67,143)	(17,504)	(84,647)	
As at period end	4,379,837	1,260,313	5,640,150	4,270,048	1,077,311	5,347,359	

^{*} This amount represents recoveries from balances previously written-off.

9.2 Staging movement

The following table explain the changes in the gross exposure between the beginning and the end of the six-month period:

	30 June 2021 (un-audited)			
	Stage 1 12 month	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime	
Customer exposure	ECL AED'000	ECL AED'000	ECL AED'000	Total AED'000
Gross exposure as at				
1 January 2021	3,040,580	2,230,668	7,319,748	12,590,996
Transfers				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	(178,911)	178,911	-	-
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	99,812	(99,812)		-
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	(52,561)	52,561	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	_	180,341	(180,341)	-
Changes in EADs	(641,981)	(147,877)	234,216	(555,642)
Gross exposure as				<u> </u>
at 30 June 2021	2,319,500	2,289,670	7,426,184	12,035,354

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

9 Loans and advances to customers (continued)

9.2 Staging movement (continued)

	31 December 2020 (audited)				
Customer exposure	Stage 1 12 month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Total	
Customer exposure	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	
Gross exposure as at					
1 January 2020	3,205,762	3,491,492	6,352,710	13,049,964	
Transfers:					
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	(527,862)	527,862	-	-	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	(2,257)	-	2,257	-	
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	844,838	(844,838)	₩	-	
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	_	(779,058)	779,058	-	
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	•	121,614	(121,614)	-	
Changes in EADs	(479,901)	(286,404)	307,337	(458,968)	
Gross exposure as at					
31 December 2020	3,040,580	2,230,668	7,319,748	12,590,996	

The following table explain the changes in the loss allowance between the beginning and the end of the six-month period:

_	30 June 2021 (un-audited)				
Customer loss allowance	Stage 1 12 month ECL AED'000	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL AED'000	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL AED'000	Total AED'000	
Loss allowance as at					
1 January 2021	41,368	184,695	5,121,296	5,347,359	
Transfers:					
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	(767)	767	-	-	
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	2,067	(2,067)	_	-	
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	(3,519)	3,519	_	
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	68,471	(68,471)	-	
Changes in PDs/ LGDs/ EADs	(28,335)	13,662	307,464	292,791	
Loss allowance as					
at 30 June 2021	14,333	262,009	5,363,808	5,640,150	

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

9 Loans and advances to customers (continued)

9.2 Staging movement (continued)

	31 December 2020 (audited)				
Customer loss allowance	Stage 1 12 month ECL AED'000	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL AED'000	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL AED'000	Total AED'000	
Loss allowance as at					
1 January 2020	36,208	123,462	4,577,030	4,736,700	
Transfers					
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	(2,693)	2,693	-	-	
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	(22)	-	22	-	
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	2,032	(2,032)	-	-	
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3		(42,032)	42,032	-	
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-	
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	46,332	(46,332)	-	
Changes in PDs/ LGDs/ EADs	5,843	56,272	548,544	610,659	
Loss allowance as at 31					
December 2020	41,368	184,695	5,121,296	5,347,359	

9.3 Gross credit exposure by industry segment

					31 December
		30 June	2021		2020
	(un-audited)				(audited)
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Manufacturing	72,731	197,699	2,027,885	2,298,315	2,298,834
Construction	238,038	420,753	3,018,897	3,677,688	3,753,975
Real Estate	89,988	1,021,076	636,696	1,747,760	1,857,734
Trade	118,737	239,681	807,579	1,165,997	1,156,207
Transport, Storage and					
Communication	7,533	81,033	27,241	115,807	112,644
Financial Institutions	864,277	60,203	104,384	1,028,864	1,134,801
Other Services	595,530	24,633	212,708	832,871	849,221
Government	164,733	_	_	164,733	422,573
Individuals	7,967	1,380	13,351	22,698	28,289
High Net Worth					
Individuals	143,104	233,536	385,036	761,676	760,805
All others	16,862	9,676	192,407	218,945	215,913
Gross loans and	<u> </u>				
advances	2,319,500	2,289,670	7,426,184	12,035,354	12,590,996

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

9 Loans and advances to customers (continued)

9.4 Expected credit loss by industry segment

		31 December 2020 (audited)			
	Stage 1 AED'000	Stage 2 AED'000	Stage 3 AED'000	Total AED'000	AED'000
Manufacturing	405	13,804	1,521,112	1,535,321	1,492,143
Construction	2,010	26,167	2,325,993	2,354,170	2,240,087
Real Estate	501	130,414	305,083	435,998	335,815
Trade	476	13,999	566,692	581,167	573,847
Transport, Storage and					
Communication	14	12,655	16,706	29,375	37,244
Financial Institutions	293	14,765	85,828	100,886	85,757
Other Services	7,951	571	167,359	175,881	180,379
Government	249	-	**	249	6,176
Individuals	1,138	11	9,854	11,003	16,648
High Net Worth					
Individuals	1,054	48,888	202,418	252,360	222,521
All others	242	735	162,763	163,740	156,742
Loss allowances	14,333	262,009	5,363,808	5,640,150	5,347,359

10 Other assets

	30 June 2021 (un-audited) AED'000	31 December 2020 (audited) AED'000
Interest receivable	27,753	17,422
Repossessed properties (refer to note 10.1)	457,374	457,374
Property plant and equipment	73,181	77,491
Prepayments and other assets	30,696	19,296
Customers' indebtedness for acceptances	52,617	112,002
·	641,621	683,585

10.1 Repossessed properties were acquired in settlement of loans and advances

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

11 Related party transactions

In the normal course of business, the Group enters into various transactions with related parties including Board of directors, their related companies and key management personnel having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director, executive or otherwise, of the Group. The related party transactions are executed at the terms agreed between the parties. The volume of related party transactions, outstanding balances at the period and year end, and related income and expenses for the period and year are as follows:

	30 June 2021 (un-audited)					
	Government of Sharjah AED'000	Sharjah government related entities AED'000	Board of directors AED'000	Other balances associated with board of directors AED'000	Total AED'000	
Loans					(1 (0 	
Loans outstanding		238,636	49,091	329,225	616,952	
Deposits Deposits Commitments and contingent	1,000,000	52,408	16,736	766,307	1,835,451	
Liabilities Outstanding letters of credit and guarantees		<u>~</u>		758	758	
		31 Dec	ember 2020 (a	udited)		
	Government	Sharjah government	Board of	Other balances associated with board of		
	of Sharjah	related entities	directors	directors	Total	
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	
Loans Loans outstanding	250,000	256,864	47,874	339,012	893,750	
Deposits						
Deposits Commitments and contingent Liabilities Outstanding	661	51,124	7,332	1,109,931	1,169,048	
letters of credit and						
guarantees	-			758	758	

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

11 Related party transactions (continued)

None of the loans granted to related parties are impaired or past due as at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020.

The loans extended to directors during the period are repayable over I year and bear interest at rates ranging from 4% to 10% per annum. At 30 June 2021, outstanding loans and advances due from related parties are secured by deposits under lien amounting to AED 780.6 million (31 December 2020: AED 304.2 million).

Other transactions with the Government of Sharjah:

Refer to note 8.1 for the investment in Government of Sharjah sukuks.

			30 June 2 (un-audit		
	Governmen	Sharjah government - related	Board of	Other exposures associated with board of	
	t of Sharjah	entities	directors	directors	Total
	AED'000	AED'00	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Interest income	2,316	3,768	1,216	14,511	21,811
Interest expense	(4,125)	(633)	(87)	(25,995)	(30,840)
			30 June 2 (un-audit		
	Government	Sharjah government - related	Board of	Other exposures associated with board of	
	of Sharjah	entities	directors	directors	Total
	AED'000	AED'00	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
			0.773	15.610	21.070
Interest income	7,106	6,401	2,753	15,618	31,878
Interest income Interest expense	7,106 (2,132)	(620)	(88)	(28,566)	(31,406)

Key management personnel

	30 June 2021 (un-audited) AED'000	30 June 2020 (un-audited) AED'000
Salaries and other short term benefits Termination benefits	4,423 173 4,596	5,683 237 5,920

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

12 Due to banks

	30 June	31 December
	2021	2020
	(un-audited)	(audited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Balances with other banks	1,462	99
Zero cost facility from Central Bank of the U.A.E (refer to note		
12.1)	-	273,000
Repo against fixed income securities (refer to note 8.1)	1,600,000	115,386
	1,601,462	388,485

12.1 As at 30 June 2021, the Bank continues to hold "zero cost facility (ZCF)" from CBUAE. The balance at 30 June 2021 is nil due to underlying settlement and rollover arrangements. Funds under ZCF as at 1 July 2021 amount to AED 273M.

13 Deposits from customers

	30 June	31 December
	2021	2020
	(un-audited)	(audited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Time deposits	6,407,840	5,363,020
Savings accounts	118,452	119,082
Current and other accounts	1,512,403	1,665,358
	8,038,695	7,147,460

14 Other liabilities

	30 June 2021 (un-audited) AED'000	31 December 2020 (audited) AED'000
Interest payable	78,078	54,339
Unearned commission income	21,053	22,436
Staff benefits payable	15,456	16,050
Accrued expenses	45,193	19,652
Manager's cheques	3,333	20,631
Liabilities under acceptances	52,617	112,002
Others	50,408	42,945
	266,138	288,055

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

15 Share capital

	Un-audited 30 June 2021	Audited 31 December 2020
	AED'000	AED'000
Authorised share capital 6,300,000 thousand shares of AED 1 each (2020: 6,300,000 thousand shares of AED 1 each)	6,300,000	6,300,000
Issued capital and paid-up capital 3,180,982 thousand shares of AED 1 each (2020: 3,180,982 thousand shares of AED 1 each)	3,180,982	3,180,982

Dividend

At the annual general meeting of the Bank held on 30 June 2021, no cash dividend was approved by the shareholders (2020: Nil).

Capital adequacy ratio

As per the Central bank regulation for Basel III, the capital requirement as at 30 June 2021 is 11.5% (31 December 2020: 11.5%) inclusive of the capital conservation buffer. As part of the CB UAE regulatory support announced in March 2020, conservation buffer has been reduced from 2.5% to 1%.

The bank must comply with the following minimum requirements:

- (i) CET1 must be at least 7% of risk weighted assets (RWA);
- (ii) Tier 1 capital must be at least 8.5% of risk weighted assets (RWA); and
- (iii) Total capital, excluding the capital conservation buffer, is calculated as the sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital which must be at least 10.5% of risk weighted assets (RWA).

The capital adequacy ratio is computed based on circulars issued by the CBUAE as per Basel III.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

15 Share capital (continued)

The Group's regulatory capital position was as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
	(un-audited)	(un-audited)
	AED'000	`AED'000
Tier 1 Capital		
Share capital	3,180,982	3,180,982
Share discount	(477,857)	(477,857)
Fair value reserve	(39,669)	(41,169)
Accumulated losses	(1,773,713)	(1,805,577)
Total tier 1 capital	889,743	856,379
Tier 2 Capital		
General provision	106,424	104,361
Total tier 2 capital	106,424	104,361
Total regulatory capital	996,167	960,740
Key weighted assets		
Credit risk	8,513,903	8,348,882
Market risk	49,794	32,390
Operational, risk	625,363	1,005,239
Total risk weighted assets (RWA)	9,189,060	9,386,511
CET1 expressed as % of RWA	9.68%	9.12%
Total tier 1 capital expressed as % of RWA	9.68%	9.12%
Total tier 1 and tier 2 as a % of RWA	10.84%	10.24%

As shown above, the Bank's total regulatory capital of 10.84% (2020: 10.24%) is less than the 11.5% required by the CBUAE regulations (inclusive of capital conservation buffer).

16 Net impairment loss

	30 June 2021 (un-audited) AED'000	30 June 2020 (un-audited) AED'000
Impairment charge on loans and advances Impairment charge on cash and deposits with	110,960	165,043
central banks	(23)	53,000
Impairment charge (others)	· •	984
Recoveries on investment securities	(293)	-
Recoveries	(1,320)	(51,232)
	109,324	167,795

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

17 Segmental analysis

The Group operates in the United Arab Emirates and Lebanon, and its results arise largely from commercial banking, treasury and investment activities. Information with respect to business segments is as follows:

		30 June 2021			30 June 2020	
	Commercial	Treasury &		Commercial	Treasury &	
	banking	investments	Total	banking	investments	Total
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Net interest and other income	117,784	9,498	127,282	107.815	20.993	128.808
Net impairment loss	(109,617)	293	(109,324)	(166,811)	(984)	(167,795)
Profit/(loss) for the period	(72,797)	7,863	(64,934)	(154,273)	18,155	(136,118)
Segment capital expenditure	714	*	714	(3,910)	and the state of t	(3,910)
Segment depreciation	5,023	•	5,023	(5,624)		(5,624)
		30 June 2021			31 December 2020	
		(un-audited)			(audited)	
	Commercial	Treasury &		Commercial	Treasury &	
	banking	investments	Total	banking	investments	Total
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Segment total assets	7,198,588	3,552,450	10,751,038	8,377,674	2,798,238	11,175,912
Segment total liabilities	8,303,288	1,603,007	9,906,295	9,770,884	274,216	10,045,100

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

18 Loss per share

Basic earnings per share is based on the loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank and weighted average number of ordinary shares.

	30 June 2021 (un-audited)	30 June 2020 (un-audited)
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders (AED'000)	(64,934)	(136,118)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding at		
30 June (AED'000)	3,180,982	3,180,982
Loss per share (AED)	(0.02)	(0.04)

At reporting date the Group does not have any instrument resulting in dilution of basic earnings per share.

19 Commitments and contingent liabilities

•	30 June	31 December
	2021	2020
	(un-audited)	(audited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Letters of credit	60,785	99,520
Letters of guarantee	2,818,004	3,331,940
Irrevocable commitments to extend credit	38,431	81,224
Foreign exchange and forward commitments	9,496	21,474
	2,926,716	3,534,158

20 Impact of COVID-19

On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organisation ("WHO") officially declared COVID-19 a global pandemic. In light of the rapid spread of COVID-19 across the globe, various economies and sectors have faced significant disruptions and uncertainty as a result of measures taken by governments to contain or delay the spread of the virus. This note describes the impact of the outbreak on the Bank's operations and the significant estimates and judgements applied by management in assessing the values of assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2021.

In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, the Bank's risk management division identified the vulnerable sectors that are significantly impacted by this stressed situation, and reviews are being conducted on a more frequent basis. The existing corporate credit lines are being reviewed and the utilization is being closely monitored.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

20 Impact of COVID-19 (continued)

The Bank has been extra vigilant in underwriting to companies in the vulnerable sectors, especially for any New-to-Bank customers.

In addition to the above and as explained below, for clients benefitting from payment deferrals, the Bank has classified its customers into two Groups, Group 1 and Group 2, as required by the Joint Guidance issued in April 2020. The Bank has considered the following principles for the classification.

Group 1: clients that are temporality and mildly impacted by the COVID-19 crisis.

For these clients, the payment deferrals are believed to be effective and thus the economic value of the facilities is not expected to be materially affected. These clients are expected to face liquidity constraints without substantial changes in their creditworthiness.

For these clients, the Bank holds the view that, despite being subject to payment deferrals, there is insufficient deterioration in credit quality to trigger a stage migration. These clients will remain in their current stage, at least for the duration of the crisis, or their distress, whichever is the shorter. For instance, this would apply to industries that are expected to rapidly return to normal business conditions, once confinement policy decisions are over.

Group 2: clients that are expected to be significantly impacted by COVID-19 in the long term.

These clients are expected to face substantial changes in their creditworthiness beyond liquidity issues. For these clients, there is sufficient deterioration in credit risk to trigger a migration to stage 2, and this migration should take place.

Due to the possibility of a later economic rebound, these clients are not expected to migrate to IFRS 9 stage 3 based on their financial performance during the period of the crisis. In exceptional circumstances, such stage 3 migration can be triggered by liquidation/ bankruptcy caused by

- (i) non-financial events (such as fraud) or;
- (ii) significant disruptions threatening the long-term sustainability of the clients' business model.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

20 Impact of COVID-19 (continued)

The proportion of clients benefitting from deferrals along with their exposures and ECL by industry is as follows:

		30 June 2021 (u	n-audited)	
			Group 1	Group 2
	Total		Deferred	Deferred
	exposure	ECL	exposure	exposure
	AÊD'000	AED'000	AED'000	AÊD'000
Manufacturing	149,079	19,625	4,469	14,466
Construction	54,901	567	34	-
Real Estate	277,903	63	49,572	1,615
Trade	185,375	17,805	37,604	3,519
Transport, Storage and Communication	14,764	404	2,030	_
Financial Institutions	248,410	-	247,200	-
High Net Worth Individuals	154,916	3,303	7,735	_
All Other Services	24,749	188	2,592	634
	1,110,097	41,955	351,236	20,234
		31 December 202	0 (audited)	
			Group 1	Group 2
			Deferred	Deferred
	Total exposure	ECL	exposure	exposure
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Manufacturing	152,899	18,628	5,134	15,526
Construction	55,729	1,614	892	-
Real Estate	256,698	38	11,119	-
Trade	344,493	14,585	49,834	11,803
Transport, Storage and				
Communication	15,048	801	1,552	-
Financial Institutions	247,200	-	247,200	-
High Net Worth Individuals	2	-	2	-
Individuals	152,101	2,825	17,492	-
All Other Services	41,831	1,333	4,203	636
	1,266,001	39,824	337,428	27,965

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

20 Impact of COVID-19 (continued)

The proportion of clients benefitting from deferrals along with their exposures and ECL by product is as follows:

	(un-audited)				
At 30 June 2021	Total exposure AED'000	ECL AED'000	Group 1 Deferred exposure AED'000	Group 2 Deferred exposure AED'000	
Overdraft	117,204	5,039	3,000	-	
Trust receipts	66,914	2,183	23,580	9,324	
Term loans	925,979	34,733	324,656	10,910	
	1,110,097	41,955	351,236	20,234	
	Total		Group 1 Deferred	Group 2 Deferred	
At 31 December 2020	exposure	ECL	exposure	exposure .	
THE DECOMPOSE 2020	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	
Overdraft	90,511	765	3,018	-	
Trust receipts	93,118	13,107	29,799	14,412	
Term loans	1,082,372	25,952	304,611	13,553	
	1,266,001	39,824	337,428	27,965	

Reconciliations from the opening to the closing balance of the exposure at default (EAD) can be seen below:

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Balance at 1 January 2021	549,220	680,201	36,580	1,266,001
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(43,139)	43,139	_	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-	(63,507)	63,507	-
Changes in EADs	(64,086)	(98,550)	6,732	(155,904)
Balance at 30 June 2021 (un-				
audited)	441,995	561,283	106,819	1,110,097

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

20 Impact of COVID-19 (continued)

Reconciliations from the opening to the closing balance of the loss allowance of the customers with exposure can be seen below:

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Balance at 1 January 2021	3,099	20,906	15,819	39,824
Transfer to Stage 1	-	=	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(171)	171	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-	(16,652)	16,652	-
Changes in PDs/ LGDs/ EADs	(1,794)	3,588	337	2,131
Balance at 30 June 2021 (un-			***************************************	
audited)	1,134	8,013	32,808	41,955

The Bank continues to monitor the creditworthiness of these clients, particularly indications of potential inability to pay any of their obligations as and when they become due.

The grouping decisions take into consideration the specific circumstances of clients in the context of the COVID-19 outbreak. The Bank has performed analyses by incorporating the following principles:

For Corporate clients

- (a) Grouping decisions are relied on a mixture of quantitative analysis and a judgmental approach based on the views of Risk management department of the Bank.
- (b) Grouping decisions are in line with IFRS 9 stages; relying on the assessment of credit risk over the lifetime of facilities. Hence the necessary distinction between clients that are impacted over the short term vs. long term is appropriately considered.
- (c) It is expected that clients will face a range of impact intensity and duration. Therefore, grouping will be achieved by establishing cut-offs based on judgments. Industries and sectors are used as a commonly accepted starting point for segmentation.
- (d) For clients to which the Bank has a material exposure, analyses are performed on a case-by-case basis. For clients with less material exposures, analyses are performed on a portfolio basis based on credit risk drivers, mainly industry, tenor and rating.
- (e) For the purpose of establishing priorities in this grouping exercise, the Bank has organized its portfolio by materiality and susceptibility to the crisis, and has started with the most material/susceptible segments.
- (f) The Bank has assessed if its clients have put in place appropriate measures to cope with the crisis, in particular, decisions related to the management of their cash position, inventories, fixed costs and financial costs.
- (g) Considerations related to parent/government guarantee and collateral is also included in the grouping decision, as such a decision should consider potential credit enhancement.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

21 Subsequent events

There are no significant events after the reporting period that would require adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements other than the following decision taken with respect to the Lebanon branch:

As a result of the current financial and economic crisis in Lebanon, the Branch has commenced the process of liquidation, following the Central Bank of Lebanon's approval issued on 9 July 2021.